

Latest Foreign News!

EUROPEAN.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Advices from Zanibar state that the Sultan has refused to comply with the demand of the Portuguese Governor of Mozambique to surrender the territory claimed by Portugal, but recognized in the Anglo-German agreement with the Sultan as belonging to Zanibar, and has referred the matter to friendly Powers. Portugal has, on this account, ruptured her relations with the Sultan, and has handed down the Portuguese flag from the Consulate at Zanibar. In addition to this a number of Portuguese men-of-war have proceeded to Tangi, the bombardment of which is threatened.

New York, Feb. 14.—The Times' London cable special of February 13, says: To-night's dispatches from Milan give accounts of the second performance of "Otello," Verdi's new opera. The prices were greatly reduced from those fixed for the opening night and the house was crowded with a brilliant audience. There were no encores, but the applause was fervent and prolonged at the end of each important number. Verdi was called before the curtain twenty-eight times during the evening, and at the close of the second act was presented with a number of solid silver by the wife daughter of Tamagno.

Berlin, Feb. 13.—The North German Gazette says that the General Bismarck assumed charge of the French War Office not a day has passed without measures being taken to augment the defensive strength of the French army. The patriotic attitude of the French Chamber of Deputies and the French press toward the credits General Boulanger considers necessary, ought to cover with shame the Progressives and Center parties in Germany, which, when the glorious creator of German unity declares that the sacrifice he asks from the nation has no other name than peace, refuse him the necessary means to defend the frontiers of the fatherland.

Berlin, Feb. 13.—Herr Krupp has issued a stirring appeal to his employees to vote for the septennate.

VENUE, Feb. 13.—Reports are current that Emperor William is in a very weak condition.

Rome, Feb. 13.—General Gura, the Italian commander at Massawa, has reported as follows: Boretti's command at Saati, on January 25th, at 11 A.M., saw the heights occupied by a thousand Abyssinians, who disappeared on the firing of some shells. Boretti sent out a party under Lieutenant Coma, who surprised and engaged the enemy. The latter advanced intently on all sides to within three hundred yards of the Italian positions and there was desperate fighting until 5 o'clock, when the enemy retreated. Boretti applied for reinforcements, and a column under Colonel De Cristoforis was sent. The column was delayed by difficulties in transportation. De Cristoforis asked for more men and guns, and while the latter reinforcements were on the way it was learned that De Cristoforis' column were massacred after forming a square and defending themselves to the last man and cartridge. The relief party found the bodies lying in the order in which they fought the enemy. Before retiring, many of the corpses were mutilated by the Abyssinians.

Rome, Feb. 11.—The Pope, in response to friendly overtures from China, has instructed Cardinal Simone to prepare a convention securing complete liberty for mission and Catholic residents in the Chinese empire. The proposals will be sent to Peking on the 22d inst.

Paris, Feb. 11.—The anarchists assert that the outrages at Lyons and St. Etienne are only beginning the war against the Government in France. "We talked too long," they say; "action is now needed."

New York, Feb. 10.—Germany, according to a dispatch from Berlin, has asked France for a formal declaration of neutrality in the event of a war in the East. In Downing street the statement is partly confirmed. The communication, however, was unofficial, and put in the way of a suggestion leading up to a friendly understanding between France and Germany. The whole situation tonight points to the East as the probable first scene of warlike operations.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 7.—The inhabitants of Baku, the center of the great Russian petroleum field, have been alarmed over a subterranean explosion which shook the houses and caused considerable damage. At the same time a volcano burst out on Mount Lobanov, but miles distant from Baku. For two nights the volcano threw a column of fire and mud 350 feet high, illuminating the country for miles. The mud emitted during the eruption already has from seven to fourteen feet deep over a full square mile of territory.

Brisbane, Queensland, Feb. 10.—The expedition which went to New Guinea to avenge the murder by natives last October, at F. H. H. of the captain, two sailors and six Malays of a ship, while they were engaged in pearl-diving, has returned. The native chief, who was responsible for the murder, was caught and beheaded, and the village where he and his accomplices lived was burned.

Berlin, Feb. 5.—Sixty-eight thousand two hundred men, belonging to the 1st, 2nd and 4th regiments of the German reserves, together with such numbers of non-commissioned officers as the War Department shall decide upon, have been summoned for twelve days' service, and for the purpose of being drilled in the use of the new repeating rifle, which the whole army is being equipped. The section of the reserves which passed into the Landwehr on the 1st of April is exempted from the summons.

Rome, Feb. 5.—The information tonight is that the Italian Government is in favor of pushing matters with France to extremities, and is urging Bismarck to exact guarantees against an attack on Italy, and to take measures to cripple France and secure the future peace of Germany.

Rome, Feb. 4.—The debate on the credit of 5,000,000 francs asked for by the Government for sending reinforcements to the Sudan, was resumed in the Chamber of Deputies to-day. Signor Soudan moved that the House pass to the regular order of the day, whereupon Premier Depretis announced that if the motion was adopted the Government would resign. The motion was rejected by a vote of 155 to 141, and the credit bill was afterwards passed by a secret ballot, the vote being 327 to 112.

BRITISH.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The Cabinet held a session this afternoon to consider the proposed bill for the government of India. The recall of Sir Henry Drummond Wolff from Constantinople has brought up a strong protest from the friends of Lord Randolph Churchill. The Democratic-Freedom members are apparently ready to identify themselves with the proposal to recognize Egypt as an independent nation. The other wing of the party about the issue, and between the two Salisbury is in a pretty middle.

The Times, commenting on the vote on Parnell's amendment, says: The united forces of the opponents only succeeded in showing that they are in a hopeless minority.

The War Office Committee has decided to recommend the Lee American magazine rifle.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The British troops in India will be armed with repeating rifles, and their "Martini" rifles will be transferred to the Sepoys.

The round-table conferences are over. They did the death duty of a chorus of rejoicing from influential persons in all parts of the country, who had been earnestly pressing against them from the first as a mere emanation of Chamberlain. The Birmingham coming chief, however, gained a point by getting himself recognized by the Liberal

managers as a man important enough to be negotiated with on something like equal terms. Harcourt and Morley fully realize the fact, and have no desire to try further experiments. The voice of the party is for no surrender. Wavering beggars contempt, and the Liberal leaders are beginning to find it out.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Parnell's amendment to the address in reply to the Queen's speech was rejected by a vote of 332 to 246.

BRISBANE (Queensland), Feb. 10.—Mrs. Henry Wood, the novelist, is dead, aged 67 years. [Mrs. Wood commenced her literary career in magazines, and gained in 1880 the temperance prize of £100 by the publication of "Danebury House," a temperance story. That was followed by "East Lyna." She was the author of more than two dozen novels.]

A Breach of Promise Case.

Here is an example of the astuteness of Mr. Justice Byles as an advocate: Once he was for the defendant in an action for breach of promise of marriage. The plaintiff proved the defendant had married someone else. The case seemed a question of damages, but Byles put two questions to the plaintiff: "Did he not promise to marry you when his father was dead?" "Yes." "Is his father dead?" "No." "That is my case, my Lord," said Byles. "But, brother Byles," said the Judge, "he has married some one else." "Well, my Lord," said Byles, "his wife may die before his father, or afterwards, and he may outlive them both, when it be time to fulfil the promise." The plaintiff had, in fact, alleged in his pleading an absolute promise, and the proof of a conditional promise was what was called a fatal variance, which could not be amended.

Meat Values Abroad.

The Pacific Coast has always had an eye on the possibility of sharing in the production of meat for distant parts of the world where prices are high. It is interesting to notice that the large shipments of meat from the United States, and from South America and Australia, have steadily reduced values in England, much to the discomfort of the home producers. The London Economist calls attention to a somewhat curious fact in connection with the matter, pointing out how largely the fall there is in the inferior class of beef. In the London market on January 1st, in each year since 1881, the prices per eight-pound have stood thus, contracted with the values now current:

	Present Price.	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887
Beef Prime	42	34	45	40	44	46	54	54
Do. Prime	44	46	54	60	60	56	56	56
Mutton mld	38	42	46	56	56	44	44	44
Do. Prime	42	52	56	60	75	53	70	70
Pork large	30	32	38	46	50	50	52	52

Commenting upon these figures, the London Farmer states that before 1881 prices had risen sharply from 40d. in 1879 for inferior beef to 54d. in 1881, and slowly from 54d. for prime to 58d. Mutton of "midding" character was 52d. in January, 1879, against 64d. two years later, and it is only 38d. now. Prime mutton was 60d. in 1879 and 70d. in 1881. From 1881 to the present time the drop has been 24 per cent in prime beef, 36 per cent in prime mutton, but 52 per cent in inferior beef, and 41 per cent in inferior grades of mutton. Comparing the prices of 1879 with those now current, inferior beef had fallen in value as much as 35 per cent, and inferior mutton 27 per cent, but prime mutton and beef have fallen only 13 and 18 per cent respectively, while pork is 22 per cent lower. The great fall in the value of low-class meat is largely ascribed to its displacement by the fresh meat imported from New Zealand and the River Plate.

This shows that the shipment of dead meat in refrigerating cabins in steamships, to which we have frequently alluded, has reached a considerable amount. Give us an isthmus canal, and this traffic could in all probability be made profitable from San Francisco.

Father is Getting Well.

"My daughter says:—
—How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters."
"He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable."
—And we are so glad that he used Hop Bitters."
—A Lady of Union, N. Y.

I Write This

Token of the great appreciation I have of your Hop Bitters. I was afflicted with indigestion, nervousness, &c., &c. For nearly seven years, and no medicine seemed to do me any good.

Until I tried two bottles of your Hop Bitters, and to my surprise I am as well today as ever I was. I hope "You may have abundant success" in this great and valuable medicine.

Anyone wishing to know more about my cure?

Our letters by addressing me, E. M. Williams, 1208 15th street, Wash., D. C.

I consider

Bitters the best remedy in existence for Indigestion, Nerve, &c., &c.

"And nervous debility. I have just returned from the south in a fruitless search for health, and find that your Bitters are doing me more good."

Good! Then anything else, a month ago I was extremely "Emaciated!"

And now I am able to walk. Now I am gaining strength and "Plum!" And hardly a day passes but what I am complimented on my improved appearance, and it is all due to Hop Bitters! J. Wickliffe Johnson.

Frustrate the Swindlers!!

If when you call for American Hop Bitters (see green cap of bottle) on the wrapper and Dr. Williams' name is on the bottle, the vendor hands you anything but American Hop Bitters, refuse it and claim that tender as you would a ringer; and if he has taken your money for anything else, insist that he refund it and sue him for damages for the swindle, and we will pay you liberally for the swindle.

For Sale by
HOLLISTER & CO., No. 149 Fort St., Honolulu.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.
Suitable for wrapping paper, in lots of 100 to 1,000. Apply at GAZETTE OFFICE.

Insurance Notices.

Philadelphia Board of Underwriters
AGENTS for the Hawaiian Islands,
C. BREWER & CO.
1113 ly

Boston Board of Underwriters.
AGENTS for the Hawaiian Islands,
C. BREWER & CO.
1113 ly

F. A. SCHAEFER,
Agent of Bremen Board of Underwriters.
Agent of Dresden Board of Underwriters.

Agent of Vienna Board of Underwriters
Claims against Insurance Companies within the jurisdiction of the above Board of Underwriters will have to be certified to by the above Agent to make them valid. 1130 ly

HAMBURG—BREMER
Fire Insurance Company.
The undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company, are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings, and on Merchandise stored therein, on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO. 1113 ly

HAMBURG—MACDEBURG
Fire Insurance Company,
—OF HAMBURG—
Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture and Machinery insured against fire on the most favorable terms. A. JAEGER, 1114 ly Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

ORIENT
Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Takes risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Machinery and Furniture on favorable terms. A. JAEGER, 1110 ly Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

WASHINGTON
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.,
OF BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.
Cash Assets Jan. 1st, 1884: \$1,493,550.34.

Takes risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Machinery and Furniture on favorable terms. A. JAEGER, 1110 ly Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

The Hartford Fire Insurance Co.
—HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT—
(INCORPORATED 1810.)
Assets Jan. 1, 1887, \$5,055,946.45.

Having established an Agency at Honolulu for the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned is prepared to accept risks against fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, Machinery, on the most favorable terms. Losses promptly adjusted and payable here. C. O. BERGER, 1112 3m Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY
For Sea, River & Land Transport
—OF DRESDEN—
Having established an Agency at Honolulu for the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned is prepared to accept risks against fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, Machinery, on the most favorable terms. Losses promptly adjusted and payable here. C. O. BERGER, 1112 3m Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
1110 ly Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

PRUSSIAN NATIONAL
INSURANCE COMPANY,
—OF STETTIN—
[ESTABLISHED 1843.]
Capital: 1,000,000 Reichsmarks.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent of the above Company for the Hawaiian Islands is prepared to accept risks against fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, Machinery, on the most favorable terms. Losses promptly adjusted and payable here. H. RIEMENSCHNEIDER, 1107 ly At Wilber & Co.

GERMAN LLOYD
Marine Insurance Company,
—OF BERLIN—
FORTUNA
General Insurance Company,
—OF BERLIN—

The above Insurance Companies have established an Agency at Honolulu, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the Dangers of the Seas at the Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms.

1113 ly F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

THE LION
FIRE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF LONDON, ENGLAND
CAPITAL
\$5,000,000.

A. JAEGER, Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.
The Liverpool & London & Globe
INSURANCE CO.
ASSETS: \$31,161,000
NET INCOME: \$9,000,000
CLAIMS PAID: \$88,714,000

Have established an agency in Honolulu for the Hawaiian Islands, and the undersigned are prepared to write risks against

FIRE ON BUILDINGS,
MERCHANDISE & DWELLINGS
On favorable terms. Dwelling Risks a Specialty. Detached dwellings and contents insured for a period of years, for two premiums in advance. Losses promptly adjusted and payable here. BISHOP & CO., 1110 3m

CASTLE & COOKE
LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE
Insurance Agents
—AGENTS FOR THE—
New England Mutual Life Ins. Co.
—OF BOSTON—
Aetna Fire Insurance Company,
—OF HARTFORD—
Union Fire and Marine Ins. Co.
—OF SAN FRANCISCO—

Insurance Notices.

Insurance Notice
The Agent for the British Foreign Marine Insurance Company (Limited) has received instructions to Reduce the Rates of Insurance between Honolulu and Ports in the Pacific, and is now prepared to issue Policies at the lowest rates, with a special reduction on freight for steamers. THEO. H. DAVIES, 1142 ly Agent Brit. For. Mar. Ins. Co., Limited.

Mutual Life Insurance Company,
—OF NEW YORK—
ASSETS DEC. 31st, 1884: \$109,876,178.51

42 Policies issued on the Life, Term Life and Endowment Plan. S. C. WILDER, Agent. 1134 ly

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE
Insurance Company
—OF—
LONDON AND EDINBURGH
ESTABLISHED 1809.

RESOURCES OF THE COMPANY AS AT DEC. 31, 1886:
1—Authorized Capital: \$3,000,000
2—Subscribed: 2,500,000
3—Paid up: 625,000
4—Fire Fund and Reserves as at 31st December, 1886: 1,084,428
5—Total: \$7,209,428

7—Revenue Life & Annuity Branches: 500,621
ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,
1123 ly Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Northern Assurance Company.
[ESTABLISHED 1836.]
Accumulated Funds: \$3,000,000

The agent of this Company in Honolulu has received instructions to

Reduce the Rates of Life Insurance
In this country to a minimum rate, without any extra premium for residence in the Hawaiian Islands.

Among the principal advantages attaching to a Life Policy in the "NORTHERN" attention is specially drawn to the following:

SURRENDER VALUES of Lapsed Policies are held at the disposal of the Assured for Six Years.

IMMEDIATE PAYMENT of Claims, without deduction of discount.

ABOLITION of restrictions on Foreign Travel and Residence. THEO. H. DAVIES, 1142 3m AGENT.

THE PACIFIC MUTUAL
Life Insurance Company,
—OF CALIFORNIA—

Desire to call the particular attention of everybody to their

Tontine Investment Policies
Which contain the "Indisputable Clause,"
No Restriction on Travel or Residence,
Free from Danger of Forfeiture:
—ALSO THE—
Deposit Endowment Policy
—AND THE—
Mutual Investment Policy.

This is one of the most reliable Companies organized in the world, and few equals. Settles all Claims promptly; acts honestly and fairly by all.

For further information, write to, or call on R. W. LAINE, General Agent for the Hawaiian Islands 1117 ly

TRANS - ATLANTIC
Fire Insurance Company,
—OF HAMBURG—

Capital of the Co. and Reserve, Reichs: 6,000,000
Capital their Re-Insurance Companies: 101,650,000
Total: Reichsmarks 107,650,000

NORTH GERMAN
Fire Insurance Company,
—OF HAMBURG—

Capital of the Co. & Reserve Reichs: 8,800,000
Capital their Re-Insurance Companies: 55,000,000
Total: Reichsmarks 63,800,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above three Companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, &c., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms. H. HACKFELD & CO., 1147 ly

THE EQUITABLE
Life Assurance Society
—OF THE UNITED STATES—
120 Broadway, New York.
(ESTABLISHED IN 1859.)

Issue Policies on all the best Plans, among which are to be found many new departures, containing features not yet to be found in other companies, aiming to the comfort and security of the POLICY HOLDERS.

This Company may be safely called the Pioneer in most of the important favorable reforms, and for this reason as well as many others, it now transacts the largest yearly business done by any one company in the world. Policies are both

NON-FORFEITABLE AND INDISPUTABLE.

ASSETS, January 1, 1886: \$6,551,987.50
LIABILITIES: 4 per cent. valuation: \$2,691,148.37
SURPLUS: \$3,860,839.13

(SURPLUS on N. Y. Standard 4 1/2 per cent. interest, \$17,495,329.40.)
Surplus over Liabilities, on every standard of valuation, larger than that of any other life insurance company.

NEW ASSURANCE IN 1885: \$5,011,375.00
OUTSTANDING ASSURANCE: \$37,228,246.00
Total paid Policyholders in 1885: 7,139,895.00
Paid Policyholders since organization: 88,211,175.83
Income: 14,590,053.13

EVERY POLICY BECOMES INCONTESTABLE
As soon as it has been three years in force, and it is a part of the written agreement that every incontestable policy shall be paid, without rebate of interest, immediately upon the receipt by the Society of satisfactory proof of death.

Of 1,047 death claims, amounting to \$3,945,397, paid in 1885.
412 were paid the very day proofs were received, amounting \$1,508,232.
21 were paid within 2 days after receipt, amounting \$247,730.
88 within 10 days: amount, \$1,057,742.
195 within 30 days: amount, \$1,249,142.
40 after 60 days: amount, \$185,000.

No other Company can show a Record for Promptness approaching that of the EQUITABLE.

Even the brief delays indicated above, were owing to the failure of claimants, chiefly at remote points, to furnish promptly the requisite legal evidence, and not to any lack of promptness on the part of the Society.

CONTESTED CLAIMS—NONE.
The Society issues a plain and simple contract of Insurance, free from burdensome and technical conditions. NON-FORFEITABLE and INCONTESTABLE after three years.

All Policies as soon as they become incontestable are payable IMMEDIATELY upon the receipt of satisfactory proofs of death, and without the delay of sixty or ninety days, usual with other companies.

For particulars of full particulars, apply to ALEX. J. CARTWRIGHT, Agent, Hawaiian Islands. 1114 ly

Insurance Notices.

Equitable Life Assurance Society

OF THE UNITED STATES.

From the beginning, the Equitable has been the pioneer in all reforms affecting the security, convenience, and advantage of policy holders. It was the first company to issue incontestable policies; the first to make such policies payable immediately, instead of after the delay of a stipulated number of months; the first to simplify the policy contract, and remove from the business technical and confusing complications; the first to apply the Tontine principle to life assurance; the first to issue a policy guaranteeing the payment of the entire reserve and a full share of the accumulated profits to each policy holder at the end of a stipulated period the first to introduce the Semi-Tontine policy, which, in addition to all the ultimate advantages secured under the Tontine system, is "non-forfeiting," and has a surrender value during its earlier years.

During the twenty-six years and a half of its history, it has written \$105,000,000 more of assurance than any other company during the same period.

No other company has approached the Equitable in the success achieved and surplus accumulated, and the results of management in the past furnish the best guarantee for the future, to intending assurers.

Assets, January 1, 1886: \$ 66,553,387.50
Liabilities, 4 per cent. valuation: 52,691,148.37

Surplus: \$ 13,862,239.13
(Surplus on N. Y. Standard 4 1/2 per cent. interest, \$17,495,329.40.)
New Assurance in 1885: \$ 96,011,375.00
Outstanding Assurance: 357,338,246.00
Total Paid Policyholders in 1885: 7,139,895.05
Paid Policyholders since organization: 88,211,175.83
Income: 16,590,053.13

Insurance issued on all approved plans.

Alex. J. Cartwright,

General Agent for Hawaiian Islands

FRED. PHILP, C. BREWER & CO.,
Successor to Peter Dalton,
SADDLE & HARNESS
MANUFACTURER,
92 KING STREET, HONOLULU
—Bell Telephone No. 111.—

Offers for Sale!
—TO ARRIVE PER—
MARTHA DAVIS
NOW NEARLY DUE!

Hand-Made Harness!
Guaranteed to give Satisfaction, at a fair remunerative price. He uses only the Best Materials in Gold, Silver, Nickel
—AND—
Rubber Mountings

And every article is made by Experienced Workmen under his personal supervision. In ordering the above Harness the measure of the horse about the neck and girth should be sent to insure entire satisfaction as to fit and durability.

If any article does not please the buyer it shall be replaced by new goods or the cash returned.

HE IMPORTS DIRECT—
Sydney Saddles,
—Especially made to suit the Islands.—
Double Plato, Spring Bars and every improvement, and all Saddles purchased of him will be restituted within six months free of charge. He desires to inform Planters, Teamsters and others that

Can be supplied here with better Workmanship and Material and guarantee to give greater satisfaction than anything that can be imported from the Coast.

A FULL LINE OF—
Whips, Spurs, Sponges,
Chamois, Combs,
Oils and Dressings,
Brushes, and every necessary for Stable use always on hand.

What he sells he will warrant as represented, and would sooner lose a sale than misrepresent an article. 1146 3m

F'FRANK GERTZ,
Importer Dealer in
—AND—
—ALL—
Descriptions of
Ladies', Misses', Gents'
AND YOUTHS' FINE
BOOTS AND SHOES
OF THE BEST AND LATEST MAKE.

Has removed to the above centrally located premises, lately occupied by Mrs. Wilkinson, where he has just received an invoice of New Goods in his line, ex S. S. MARIPOSA, making his Stock one of the most complete and varied to be found in Honolulu.

These Fine Goods will be sold at prices to suit the times. All those desiring first-class and serviceable articles in the Boot and Shoe line will do well to give him a call.

No trouble to show Goods. 1150 3m

Cases 1/2-Gal. Gherkins,
Cases Clam Chowder,
Cases Fish Chowder,
Cases Tomato Ketchup,
Cases Clams, Cs. Mackerel,
Tar, Pitch.

LIGHT HAND CARTS!
Cotton Duck,
Common Wood Seat Chairs,
Gunny Bags,
Rubber Hose,
Flax Packing,
Canned Lobsters.

QUEEN STREET.
[1147]
MISS CHILLBURN
Nicoll's Block, opposite Marble Works